

of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, without objection, referred to the Committee on International Relations and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

As required by section 410(c) of the National Emergencies Act, 50 U.S.C. 1641(c) and section 204(c) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (IEEPA), 50 U.S.C. 1703(c), I transmit herewith a 6-month periodic report on the national emergency with respect to Sudan that was declared in Executive Order 13067 of November 3, 1997.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON,
THE WHITE HOUSE, May 17, 2000.

RESPONDING TO CHALLENGE ISSUED IN OTHER BODY

(Mr. HAYES asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. HAYES. Mr. Speaker, I come to the floor today to respond to a challenge issued in the other body, the Senate.

Mr. Speaker, during the course of debate, the Democrat Senator from Iowa issued a challenge to Republican lawmakers. The Senator challenged any takers to a contest in trap shooting.

He said, and I quote, I take a back seat to no one in being a legitimate hunter. I hunt every year. I've hunted since I've been a kid. I'll take on anyone over there in trap shooting.

Mr. Speaker, the Congress and the Senate gathered on Monday to have a shoot-off. We had great competition. Conservation was the beneficiary.

I gladly accept the senior Senator from Iowa's challenge and will be glad to meet him for a charity shoot-off event. I look forward to coordinating this with him.

PREVIEW OF UPCOMING SPECIAL ORDER REGARDING PNTR FOR CHINA

(Mr. DREIER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. DREIER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to inform my colleagues that after we get through the wonderful 5-minute special orders that people are going to be delivering here, I am going to take an hour or a good part of that 1-hour to talk about the single most important vote that will be casting this year, and that is whether or not we are going to pry open the markets with 1.3 billion consumers in the People's Republic of China so that our workers can export goods and services and other great things, including American values, into that very repressive society in the People's Republic of China.

We have got a lot of very, very interesting things, so I want to encourage my colleagues who are here in the Chamber to stay because it is going to be a very, very enlightening special order that I plan to deliver.

TRIBUTE TO HONORABLE PATRICIA A. HEMANN

(Mrs. JONES of Ohio asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. JONES of Ohio. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor a very special constituent and friend of mine, the Honorable Patricia A. Hemann, magistrate judge of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Ohio on the occasion of her receipt of the Ohio Women's Bar Association's Justice Alice Robie Resnick Award of Distinction. The award is the OWBA's highest award for professional excellence.

Pat Hemann was the first woman magistrate judge of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Ohio. Previously she was in private practice for 11 years, litigating complex cases and becoming a member of the board of directors of Hahn, Loeser & Parks, LLP in Cleveland.

At the same time she actively mentored women and minorities, taking on issues that were vital to their inclusion in the legal community. In 1991, she along with Justice Alice Robie Resnick and another attorney, Pam Hultin, founded the Ohio Women's Bar Association.

It gives me great pleasure to rise today and join with the OWBA in congratulating Judge Hemann and wishing her continued success.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor a very special constituent and friend of mine, The Honorable Patricia A. Hemann, magistrate judge of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Ohio, on the occasion of her receipt of the Ohio Women's Bar Association's Justice Alice Robie Resnick Award of Distinction. This award is the OWBA's highest award for professional excellence and is bestowed annually on a deserving attorney who exhibits leadership in the areas of advancing the status and interests of women and in improving the legal profession in the state of Ohio. It gives me great pleasure to wish Judge Hemann my warmest congratulations on this truly special occasion.

Patricia Hemann was the first woman magistrate judge of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Ohio. Previously, she was in private practice for 11 years, litigating complex cases and becoming a member of the Board of Directors of Hahn, Loeser & Parks LLP in Cleveland.

At the same time, Judge Hemann actively mentored women and minorities, taking on issues that were vital to their inclusion in the legal community. In December 1991, Judge Hemann, along with The Honorable Alice Robie Resnick and Cleveland attorney Pamela Hultin, founded the Ohio Women's Bar Association. The OWBA is the only statewide bar association within Ohio solely dedicated toward advancing the interests of women attorneys while encouraging networking and the creation of statewide mentor program for women attorneys.

Judge Hemann volunteers at the Cleveland Public Schools and is also active in the Cleveland Bar Association as a trustee and as chair of the Justice for All Initiative.

Today, May 17, 2000, OWBA President Jami Oliver will be presenting Judge Hemann with the Ohio Women's Bar Association's Justice Alice Robie Resnick Award of Distinction at its annual meeting in Toledo, Ohio.

It gives me great pleasure to rise today, Mr. Speaker, and join the OWBA in congratulating Judge Hemann and wishing her continued success.

AGAINST PNTR FOR CHINA

(Mr. TANCREDO asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks and include extraneous material.)

Mr. TANCREDO. Mr. Speaker, I have in front of me a letter from the Reserve Officers Association of the United States to the gentleman from Virginia (Mr. WOLF). I would like to refer to excerpts from it and then enter it into the RECORD.

DEAR CONGRESSMAN WOLF: Just within the past few weeks, China has made military threats against Taiwan and threatened military action against the United States if we defend Taiwan. Just 4 years ago, China fired several live missiles in the Taiwan Strait, necessitating deployment of two American carrier groups to the area.

A report issued last month by the CIA and the FBI indicates that Beijing has increased its military spying against the United States. Less than a year ago, the Cox Committee reported that China stole classified information regarding advanced American thermonuclear weapons.

Additionally, Beijing has exported weapons of mass destruction to Iran and North Korea, in violation of treaty commitments. Finally, China's record of human rights abuses is well documented.

A recent Harris Poll revealed that 79 percent of the American people oppose giving China permanent access to U.S. markets.

RESERVE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION
OF THE UNITED STATES,
Washington, DC, April 27, 2000.

Hon. FRANK R. WOLF,
House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR CONGRESSMAN WOLF: The Reserve Officers Association ("ROA"), representing 80,000 officers in all seven Uniformed Services, is concerned about the proposal to grant Permanent Normal Trade Relations ("PNTR") to China.

ROA acknowledges the importance of our relationship with China, including our growing economic ties to China. Nevertheless, ROA believes that it would be a mistake to grant PNTR to China at this time. The annual process of reviewing trade relations with China provides Congress with leverage over Chinese behavior on national security and human rights matters. Granting PNTR would deprive Congress of the opportunity to influence China to improve its human rights record and behave as a more responsible actor on the national security stage.

Just within the past few weeks, China has made military threats against Taiwan and threatened military action against the United States if we defend Taiwan. Just four years ago, China fired several live missiles in the Taiwan Strait, necessitating a deployment of two American carrier battle groups to the area.

A report issued last month by the CIA and FBI indicates that Beijing has increased its military spying against the United States.